

House Standing Committee Transportation and Infrastructure

TRANSPORTATION FUNDING IN MICHIGAN

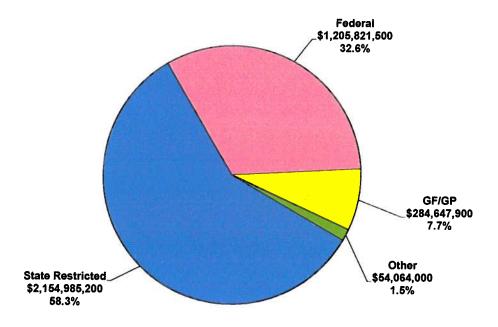
William E. Hamilton, Senior Fiscal Analyst January 27, 2015

The fiscal information in this background briefing is based on data through December 2014.

Transportation Appropriated Revenue

FY 2014-15 Gross Appropriations = \$3,699,518,600

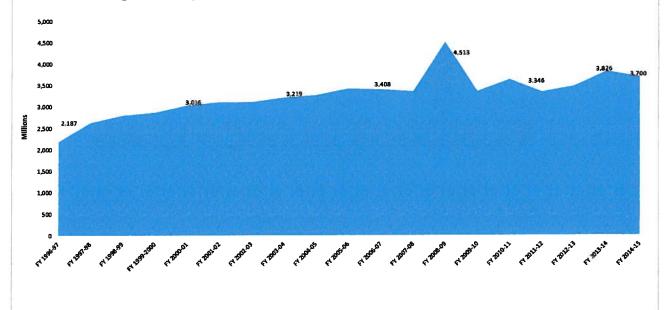
Shorthand = \$3.7 billion



Michigan Transportation Appropriations

FY 1996-97 - FY 2014-15 Gross Appropriations

Excluding temporary federal stimulus funds, and state General Fund, baseline funding for transportation purposes has been relatively flat since FY 1997-98



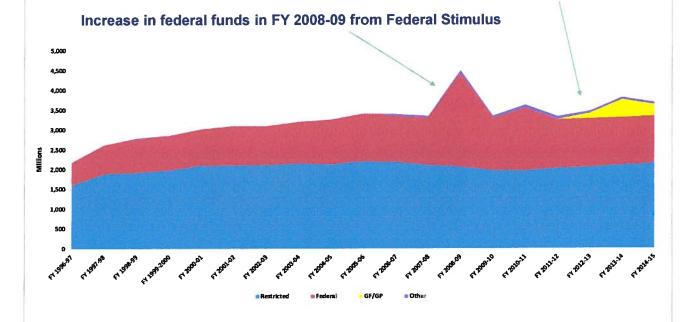
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Michigan Transportation Appropriations

FY 1996-97 - FY 2014-15 Breakdown by Fund Source

State General Fund/General Purpose (GF/GP) beginning in FY 2011-12

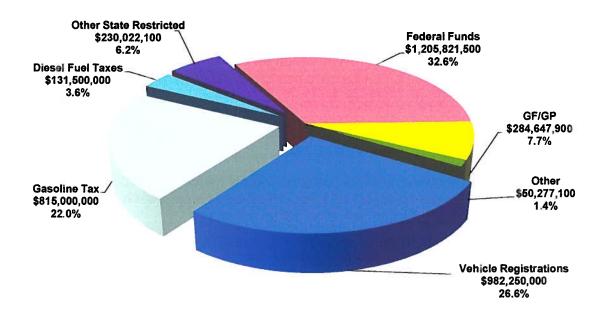


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SOURCES OF FUNDING

Transportation Revenue Detail

FY 2014-15 Gross Appropriations = \$3,699,518,600



Transportation Funding Sources

- State Restricted Revenue
 - State restricted revenue is primarily from:
 - Motor Fuel Taxes primarily from the 19-cent per gallon gasoline excise tax and 15-cent per gallon diesel fuel excise tax
 - Vehicle Registration Taxes as provided in the Michigan Vehicle Code

These revenue sources are <u>constitutionally</u> dedicated for transportation

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Transportation Funding Sources

- Federal Revenue
 - Funds made available to states through multi-year federal authorizing legislation; the current federal aid surface transportation program is Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21)
 - Federal aid surface transportation programs are supported by the federal Highway Trust Fund which receives revenue from federal motor fuel taxes, including 18.4 cent per gallon federal gasoline tax
- Other Revenue
 - Budget includes \$50.2 million from local revenue sources
 - Local revenue in budget recognizes local match required for some state trunkline projects, for federally funded local transit capital projects, and for aeronautics capital projects
 - Local units of government also raise additional local revenue for local transportation programs – revenue which is <u>not</u> included in state transportation budget

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Transportation Funding Sources

- State GF/GP Revenue
 - Prior to FY 2011-12, GF/GP revenue had not been used in transportation budget since FY 2001-02 (Build Michigan III)
 - Last three fiscal years included direct and indirect GF/GP revenue:
 - FY 2011-12 included \$500,000 GF/GP boilerplate earmark
 - FY 2012-13 included direct appropriation of \$23.0 million "one-time" GF/GP to match federal transit/rail grants plus \$110.0 million GF/GP transferred through amendment of the Sales Tax Act - \$100.0 million to State Trunkline Fund; \$10.0 million to State Aeronautics Fund.
 - FY 2013-14 included \$451.6 million GF/GP:

\$121.3 million "one-time" to match federal funds

\$115.0 million transferred to "Roads and risks reserve fund"

\$100.0 million for "Special winter maintenance"

\$115.0 million for "Priority roads investment program"

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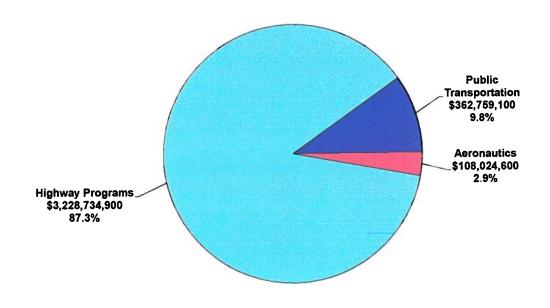
Transportation Funding Sources

- State GF/GP Revenue Continued
 - FY 2014-15 includes \$284.6 million in State General Fund revenue
 - General Fund appropriations for Transportation programs over the last four fiscal years, FY 2011-12 though FY 2014-15, total \$869.7 million.

MAJOR TRANSPORTATION PROGRAMS

Major Transportation Program Categories

FY 2014-15 Gross Appropriations = \$3,699,518,600



Highway Programs

- 87.3% (\$3.23 billion) of FY 2014-15 budget appropriated for state and local road and bridge programs:
 - \$1.88 billion for state trunkline programs administered by MDOT
 - \$1.35 billion for local road agencies (county road commissions, cities, and villages)
- MDOT has jurisdiction over state trunkline highways, including interstate highways – generally the busiest and with statewide purpose
- Local road agencies have jurisdiction over county roads and municipal streets
- Highway funds are distributed according to Public Act 51 of 1951 (Act 51)

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Public Transportation Programs

- 9.8% (\$362.8 million) of FY 2014-15 budget appropriated for public transportation programs including:
 - Capital and operating assistance to 79 local public transit agencies
 - Capital and operating assistance for Amtrak service to Michigan
- Distribution governed by Act 51

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Aeronautics Programs

Aeronautics

- 2.9% (\$108.0 million) of FY 2014-15 budget appropriated for Aeronautics programs including \$78.6 million federal Airport Improvement Program
- Airport Improvement Program supports capital improvements at locally owned public airports
- Governed by State Aeronautics Code (not Act 51)

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State/Local Distribution of Transportation Funds

Approximately 46% of the transportation budget is distributed to local units of government, or appropriated for programs of direct benefit to local units of government:

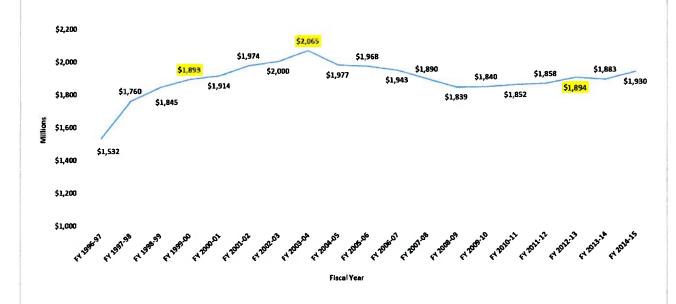
- County road commissions/cities/villages
- Public transit agencies
- Locally owned public airports

ISSUES

Revenue Issues

- Revenue Issue #1
 - FY 1997 was the last time there was a significant increase in dedicated state transportation revenue - through increases in the state gasoline tax and increases to commercial truck registration taxes.
 - State restricted Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) revenue peaked in FY 2003-04.
 - As shown in MTF Revenue History slide, baseline transportation revenue has been flat - FY 2012-13 gross revenue and revenue distribution was the same as FY 1999-2000.
 - Some local road agencies received a smaller distribution of MTF revenue in FY 2012-13 than they did in FY 1997-98.

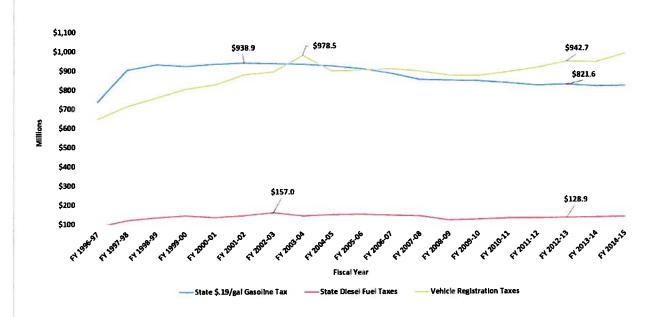




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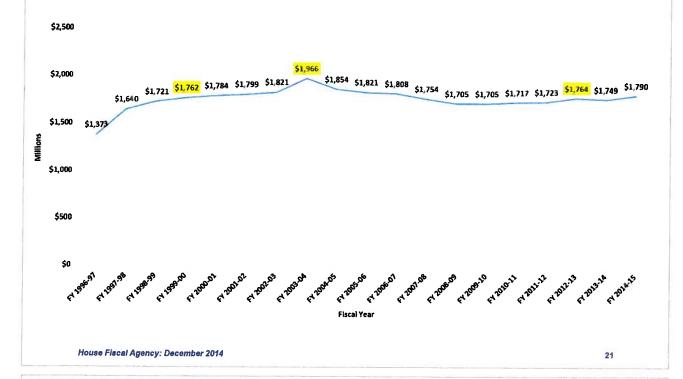
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MTF Revenue History – Detail Motor Fuel and Vehicle Registration Taxes



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MTF Distribution to State Trunkline Fund, County Road Commissions, Cities/Villages, Comprehensive Transportation Fund



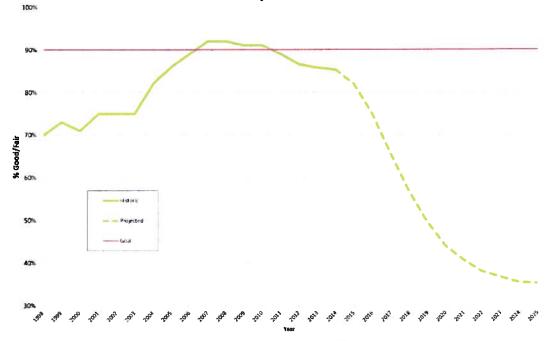
Revenue Issues

- Revenue Issue #2
 - In 1997, the State Transportation Commission established state trunkline pavement performance goals of 85% of non-freeway pavement and 95% of freeway payment in "good" condition by 2007
 - In 1998, the State Transportation Commission established state trunkline bridge performance goals of 85% of non-freeway bridges and 95% of freeway bridges in "good" condition by 2008
 - MDOT met these performance goals, but does not have sufficient revenue to sustain performance goals
 - State trunkline pavement condition will decline dramatically under existing revenue structure - estimated annual shortfall of \$1.023 billion to reach and sustain pavement performance goals – an additional \$110.0 million per year to sustain bridge performance goals.
 - Estimated revenue shortfall is exclusive of other program needs such as capacity, safety, and economic development

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State Trunkline Pavement Condition Combined Freeway and Non-Freeway

MDOT Historic and Projected RSL Pavement Condition



Source: Michigan Department of Transportation, 2014-2018 Five-Year Transportation Program

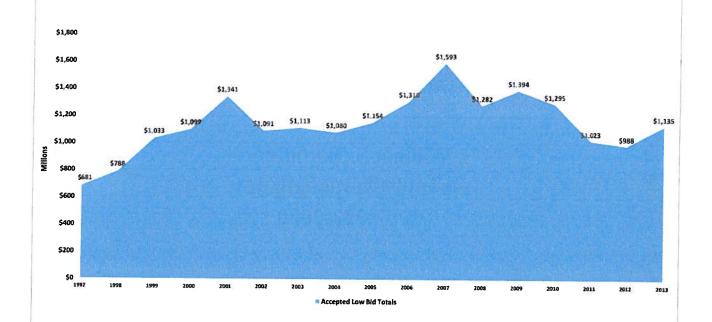
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Revenue Issues

- Revenue Issue #3
 - MDOT does not have enough baseline state transportation revenue to match all available federal aid
 - Starting in FY 2012-13, state General Fund revenue has been used to provide state matching funds for federal-aid highway funds
 - Since FY 2004-05, Michigan has used toll credits to provide a "soft match" for federal transit funds
 - Federal-aid available to the state is determined by federal law there
 is nothing that the state legislature or state government can do to
 increase federal revenue to the state
- Revenue Issue #4
 - Local road agencies are experiencing similar revenue constraints and pavement condition deterioration

MDOT Construction Contract Awards State/Local/Aero/Transit/Rail

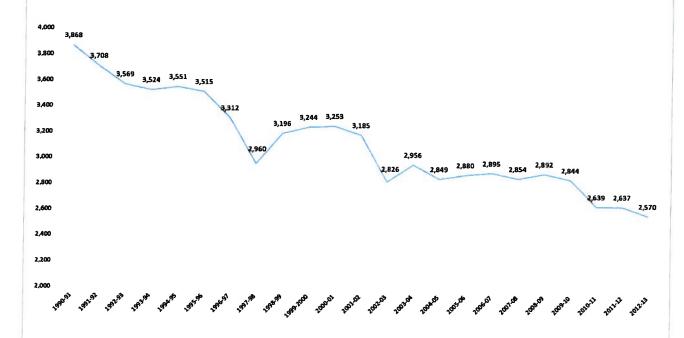


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Michigan Department of Transportation

Average Annual Classified Employees FY 1990-91 – FY 2012-13



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For more information about the Transportation budget, contact:

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